Suicide of Peter Shephard.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., Nov. 4 .- Peter Shephard, aged thirty, who recently moved to Alexandria, committed suicide at that place about 10 o'clock this morning. He is married and has a family of three children. A few days ago Shephard purchased a barber shop and was to take possession He dressed himself with unusua care this morning and stepping into droom placed a revolver to his head and blew a hole through his head, the ball entering the right temple. When Mrs. Shephard reached her husband he was dead. Coroner Sells was called this after-noon. The deceased was a prominent Red Man and will be buried Wednesday after-noon by the lodges of this city and Alex-

Old Woman Torn by a Sow.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SALEM, Ind., Nov. 4 .- Mrs. Thante Nicholson, who lives near here, was yesterday knocked down and thrown twenty feet by a vicious pig which she was showing some visitors. The hog, which had a litter of young ones, rushed on Mrs. Nicholson and shook, bit and bruised her terribly before shook, bit and bruised her terribly before finally being beaten off. It then turned on the man, who struck and knocked the sow senseless, Mrs. Nicholson suffered a broken finger, torn lip and chin and was bitten and bruised on the hip. She is probably injured internally, and is now in a dangerous condition. She is seventy-five years old.

Tin-Plate Men Strike.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELWOOD, Ind., Nov. 4.-About fifty employes of the cold roll department of the American tin-plate factory walked out on strike to-day, demanding an increase of wages, claiming that they are unable to make living wages at the present schedule. They recently struck for the same purpose. and on the promise of the company to acwork. They again became dissatisfied and are now out again. The management has always ded: fairly with the men in these misunders andings, and it is thought that the present difficulty will be satisfactorily

Farmer Goshert Hangs Himself. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WARSAW, Ind., Nov. 4.-Andrew Goshert, a farmer residing near Me twelve miles southwest of this city, on the Nickel-plate, committed suicide last evening by hanging himself to the rafters of his barn. He had mounted a barrel, and, after placing the noose about his neck, kicked the barrel from under him. The body was discovered this morning. Goshert had been exmelancholy of late, caused by financial reverses. He was about forty-five years old and leaves a family.

Carbon Mining Situation Bright. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CARBON, Ind., Nov. 4.-The mining situation at this place is exceedingly bright. W. E. Eppert, general manager of the Eureka mines, reports his company behind with their orders, principally on account of not getting cars. The bulk of his orders at present are coming from the gas belt, receiving one order last Friday for four hundred tons from that section. other four mines near here are in about the same condition. Every indication oints to a bright future for the block

Diphtheria Scare at Williamsport. special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WILLIAMSPORT, Ind., Nov. 4 .- Diphtheria of a very malignant form has made its appearance in this town, striking down two victims-the babe and ten-year-old daughter of photographer Frank Adair. His other children are dangerously ill, and other cases are reported. A great many children have been exposed, and an epi-demic is feared. The public schools were closed last week indefinitely. No religious services of any kind were held yesterday. A Long Pastorate.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., Nov. 4 .- Rev. Charles Little, pastor of the Presbyterian Church this city, yesterday delivered his twentyfourth anniversary sermon. For twentyfour years he has been pastor of the church in this city, and his popularity has in-creased as his star lengthened. Rev. Little has had several was, at an increase of salary, but rejected them all because of his attachment to Wabash.

Two-Iron Mills Closed Down.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 4.-There is a large number of idle iron and steel workers in Muncie to-day. Last Thursday the Florence iron and steel works, the old Darnell mill, closed down, throwing 250 out of work and the Indiana iron works, em-ploying over seven hundred hands, closed down Saturday night to take advantage of a dull season and make some repairs. Both mills will probably be running within ten

Fire Crused by High Pressure.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 4.-At 10 o'clock tonight badly regulated natural gas came on with a high pressure, firing the kitchen in Edward Smith's house, at Westside. The family of seven had to flee in their nightclothes, The loss is \$1,000, with \$400 insurance, C. H. Foster's house, adjoining, was destroyed also, but the goods were rescued. Loss, \$600; \$400 insurance.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ALBION, Ind., Nov. 4.-Brown, the Kessler train robber, accompanied and directed Sheriff Simon to-day to a spot ten miles north of here, where the sheriff found a large amount of express orders and other papers stolen from the express company's safes on the night of the robbery, Sept. 12,

Whitewater Is Rising.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., Nov. 4.-The Whitewater run, which flows through this city. has risen several inches in the past two or three days, until now it flows over a dam that it has not flowed over for many months. The cause is said to have been the recent earthquake.

Amputation Resulted in Death.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SOUTH BEND, Ind., Nov. 4.-Perry Graham, aged eighteen, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was injured to-day under a Chicago & Grand Trunk freight train. He was taken to the hospital, where his legs were amuptated and where he died this after-

Indiana Deaths. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Nov. 4.-Daniel Snepp, sr., died at his home in Jackson township from general debility. He was eighty-one years old, born in Montgomery county, Ohio, and has lived here since 1839 He owned 400 acres of fine farming land

and was for fifteen years trustee of his WABASH, Ind., Nov. 4.-Mrs. Ebbing-louse, mother of A. F. Ebbinghouse, one of the leading merchants of the city, died of paralysis this morning at the home of a son in Chester township. She was a native of Germany and was eighty-five years old. She came to Wabash county in

VALPARISO, Ind., Nov. 4 .- Mrs. Magtalena Shunk, of Wanatah, mother of Rev. Father Chunk, died suddenly this morning aged seventy-two. Mrs. Lane Maxwell, of Wheeler, died this morning, aged seventy. RENSSELAER, Ind., Nov. 4.-Ludd Hop-

kins, a young business man of this city, died to-day. The funeral will be held Wednesday.

Atlanta Show Indebtedness. ATLANTA, Nov. 4 .- The directors of the Cotton States and International Exposition. will, during the present week, put up \$100,000 to liquidate the floating indebtedness of the enterprise: Of this amount, Samuel M. Inman, the chairman of the finance com-

mittee, will furnish \$50,000. This done, the

big fair will be free from incumbrance and

prepared to enjoy the season of prosperity

now dawning upon it.

Little Children Trampled. POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nev. 4.-Three little children who were playing on the sidein this city, this afternoon, were knocked down by a runaway team. Emma lanke, three years old, was killed outright by being trampled under the horses' hoofs, and seven-year-old Alfred Lemke was baily injured. The third child was not seriously

WILL LEAVE SASSOUN

AMERICAN MISSIONARIES FORCED TO SEEK SAFETY AT BITLIS.

Work of Relieving Distressed Armenians to Be Abandoned-Policy of the New French Cabinet.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 4.-The Turkish government has again instructed the Governor of Bitlis to protect the American missionaries at that place. Owing to the disturbances the American missionaries who have been engaged in relieving the sufferings of the Armenians at Sassoun. have decided to postpone operations and seek safety at Bitlis.

Appeal to Americans. CHICAGO, Nov. 4.-The following address to the American public was issued to-day

by the Armenian National Union: "While the horrible butcheries and the appailing outrages in Armenia are being carried on with no abatement, and while famine, as a result of the barbaric Turkish regime is raging, threatening death to those who have escaped the swords of the Turkish soldiery, the civilized world is in-formed by the recent cable advices that the Turkish populace, as well as the govern-ment, demand the immediate withdrawal of the missionaries who are administering relief to the famine-stricken survivors of last year's massacre. As the patriarchate of Constantinople was not allowed by the Turkish government to send relief to the Armenians of Sassoun and Moosh, the missionaries of the American board were intrusted with the philanthropic work of distributing relief and help to those who are in need and in danger of starvation. The presence of the representatives of the American people had not failed to inspire assurance to the Armenians and protection against fresh outrages and assaults. Their

withdrawal has been demanded with threats

of a still more horrible massacre. The noble

missionaries are not afraid of the threats

and they undaunted carry on their good "Advices from Constantinople are to the effect that Minister Terrell has complied with the demands of the Turke and ordered missionaries to their respective posts. Believing that the withdrawal of the missionaries from the famine-stricken districts will not only deprive the Armenians of their much-needed relief, but also expose them to the fury, fanaticism and cruelty of the now checked Turks, the American National Union requests the American pub-lic, that has been quick to sympathize with all suffering races, to insist on their executive to instruct the minister at Constantinople to by no means comply with the demands of the Turks by ordering the missionaries to withdraw from the field of their philanthropic work as administrators of relief, and inspirers of confidence and

Armenians Blamed. WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.-The Turkish legation has received from the Sublime Porte the following telegram, under yesterday's

"About twenty Armenians of Biverek, Vilayet, of Diarbekir, attacked some gendarmes and patrolling soldiers, killed a num-ber of Mussulmans and set fire to the Bazaar. The necessary measures were taken for the preservation of order. "The authorities of Erzeroum report that about two hundred Armenians, dressed in costumes of Kurds and Lazes, surrounded the village of Manis, Terdjan, inhabited by Mussulmans and Christians alike. They were, however, dispersed

"The insurgents of Zeitoun attacked the village of Tchowkour Hissar, wounding one Mussulman, killing his wife and taking away his belongings. They also attacked the village of Ismails (Marash), and burned three houses. An Armenian of respectable standing was arrested in the act of making cartridges in his own house. A few Armenian spies dressed in the costumes of idiers or of officials of the Regoe were

Imperiled Missionaries. BOSTON, Nov. 4.-Dispatches in the morning papers from Constantinople state that American missionaries in Bitlis, eastern Turkey, are in imminent danger. The missionaries referred to are those of the American board. They are Rev. Royal M. Cole, from Stark, N. H.; Mrs. Cole, Littleton, N. H.; Charlotte E. and May A. C. Ely, Cheektowaga, N. Y.; Rev. George P. Knapp, Hartford, Conn.; Mrs. Knapp, Barre, Mass. Miss Grace Knapp, born in Bitlis, home in this country Auburndale, Mass., and Mrs. Alinza Knapp, Hubbardston, Vt.

The Trebizond Atrocities. LONDON, Nov. 5 .- A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Vienna says that highly respectable European eyewitnesses write horrible descriptions of the Trebi zond massacres. Feet, hands, ears, eyes and tongues were severed, it is said, before

the Armenians were finally dispatched.

The Athenian journals of to-day affirm that the Sultan has appealed for the pro-tection of the English fleet against the machinations of the Young Turks. Revenge of Armenians. PARIS. Nov. 4.-Dispatches received here from Constantinople report that the Armenians have pillaged the Turks' houses at Zeitoun and have killed Turkish women

THE BOURGEOIS MINISTRY.

and children there.

Policy of the New French Cabinet Outlined to Legislators.

PARIS, Nov. 4.-The ministerial declaration of policy was read in the Chamber of Deputies to-day. It promises further inouiry into and the publication of the fullest information obtainable regarding the Southern railways scandal. The measures introduced by the new government include an income tax bill and a bill to prohibit members of the legislature from becoming directors of financial or commercial undertakings having any transactions with the government. The declaration of policy also promises the government support for various suggested reforms in the criminal law. The government will also introduce measures intended to defend the French peasantry against international speculations for the formation of a cononial army, etc. The declaration of policy is of unusual length, and vaguely describes the radical aspirations. When the declaration of policy was read great enthusiasm was displayed from the radical and socialist benches. Elsewhere the reading of the document was coolly received. In the Senate the outlining of the policy of the Bourgeois Ministry was received with extreme coolness, with the exception of the passages referring to the reform in the criminal law, which is understood to be aimed at the Anarchists, and the references to the alliances with Russia. The Paris correspondent of the London Times praises the Cabinet for having the courage to advance frankly a radical policy whose premeditated ambiguity scarcely conceals the real goal towards which they tend. "Such boldness," he goes on to say, is a new thing for France, who thus knows whither it is desired to lead her, and may choose to follow or not." M. Glieysse, a member of the Chamber

of Deputies, has been appointed Minister for the Colonies. The Trinidad Dispute. LONDON, Nov. 4.- The Daily News today says: "A perusal of the report of the Ministry of Telegraphs, just issued, shows that the Brazilian government has special reasons for attaching importance to Trinidad, the possession of which is regarded as the key to the telegraphic situation. If the rock is Brazilian territory it cannot be utilized for cable purposes in opposition to existing systems, the government having given a guarantee against such competition. Its possession by a for-eign power would facilitate the scheme of the Brazilian Submarine Cable Company to build lines to compete with the cables recently acquired by the government and the good relations between this country and Brazil would be seriously imperile through its taking possession of and the retention of Trinidad ostensibly in connection with the schemes of the Brazilian Submarine Cable Company, Careful consideration of the report may assist Lord Salisbury to withdraw from what appears to be a false position, doubtless assumed un- also made a world's record for the threeder misapprehension of some of the

Silver Ingots Seized.

LONDON, Nov. 4.- The police have seized fifteen ingots of silver in connection with the great silver robbery which occurred on Sept. 25, when the thirty-one ingots of silver, valued at f4,900 (\$24,500), the property of the Midland Railway Company, were stolen from a van in which they were beng conveyed from the company's station. through the streets of London, as was cabled at the time. In connection with the seizure of the ingots the police have also

arrested George Barrett and Edward Gray, who were driving the van at the time the ingots were taken from it.

Britain and the Micaragua Canal. LONDON, Nov. 5.-Commenting on the Nicaragua canal, the Chronicle says this morning: "In face of the present feeling in America over Venezuela and Monroeism, there is not much inducement for a British partnership. Still, a congressional guarantee is not everything, and undoubtedly our money will be needed, and, with France deeply involved at Panama, we stand, in relation to the Nicaragua enterprise, in a stronger position than we did when De Les-seps commenced the Suez canal works."

Louis Stern Granted More Time. BERLIN, Nov. 4 .- Louis Stern, of New York, who was sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment and to pay a fine of six hundred marks for insulting Baron Von Thuengen deputy commissioner of the Spa, at Kissengen, Bavaria, and who was released in eighty thousand marks' bail, has been granted a stay of execution for a month, it being understood that at the expiration of that time he intends to present himself to the authorities in order to undergo his term

Accidentally Killed Himself.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SCOTTSBURG, Ind., Nov. 4-Saturday afternoon Otto Deuser, aged sixteen, residing with his parents near Alpha, this county, accidentally shot and killed himself. He had returned from hunting and stopped in the yard to speak to a friend who was passing, when his shotgun was accidentally discharged, the load striking under the chin and tearing away the right side of his face.

Revolt in China Spreading. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 4.-The rebellion of the Dungans in the northwest portion of China is extending seriously, and now embraces the whole of the province of Kansu, The Chinese government has dispatched all the troops of the garrison of Kashgar to the scene of the uprising, and has appointed Li Hung Chang imperial commissioner ex-traordinary to direct measures to suppress

French Sarcasm. PARIS, Nov. 4 .- The Figaro to-day, commenting on the Venezuelan affair, says: "The dispute between England and Venezuela is worth watching on account of the proximity of British and American fleets. Prudence recommends that they should not be left too long together, for the intense hatred of the Americans towards the old country is appalling.

Chinese Army to Be Reorganized. BERLIN, Nov. 4.-The Vossische Zeitung to-day says that Colonel Von Hannekin, the German officer who was military assistant to Viceroy Li Hung Chang, has arrived in this city from China, charged with a special mission and fully empowered to arrange for the reorganization of the Chinese army on the Russian, French or German model.

British Envoy Killed. SIMLA, India, Nov. 4.-A messenger belonging to the British agency ran amuck at Cabul, the capital of Afghanistan, and killed Lieutenant Colonel Mahommed Akran Khan, the British envoy, and severely wounded the envoy's sor

Flight of the Black Fing Leader. LONDON, Nov. 4 .- A special dispatch from Shanghai says that Liu-Hung-Fu, the Black Flag leader in the island of Formosa, is reported to have escaped on a German war ship from Amping to Amoy.

Five Chinese Executed. LONDON, Nov. 5.-A dispatch from Shanghai says that the five leaders of he Ku-Cheng massacre were executed at Foo-Chow on Monday.

## VICTORY FOR DEPAUW

M'KEEN ATHLETIC PARK OPENED WITH A FOOTBALL CONTEST.

Indiana University Team Defeated by the Methodist Eleven, 14 to 0-New Bicycle Records.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENCASTLE, Ind., Nov. 4.-The new park of DePauw University, named the McKeen Athletic Park in honor of President McKeen, of the Vandalla, who made \$500 donation to the same, was opened to-day with a football contest between DePauw and Indiana universities. Over a hundred State University followers came up on the noon train cheering for their team and confident of winning with odds greatly in their favor. Four hundred spectators were on the ground. When the game closed the score was DePauw, 14; Indiana, 0. De-Pauw won the toss and gave Indiana the ball, Indiana kicked for twenty yards, De-Pauw carrying the ball back to center by fine interference. After twenty minutes hard play in which the DePauw interference took the ball through the center and around both ends, Shireman made the first touchdown for DePauw after a twenty-yard run. Ruick kicked goai. The half closed, DePauw, 6; Indiana, 0.

In the second half DePauw kicked for thirty yards, Indiana returning it fifteen ing on downs. DePauw, by steady play through center and around both ends. scored their second touchdown in seven minutes, Shireman making it. Ruick failed on goal. Indiana kicked for twenty yards, DePauw taking the ball and in DePauw's third touchdown, Ruick again failing to kick goal. The score standing DePauw, 14; Indiana, 0. The feature of the game was the interference of DePauw, it being the best ever seen here. Froller, at center for De-Pauw, was ill and played through the game against his physician's advice, putting up a splendid game. At no time did Indiana get the ball nearer goal than De-Pauw's twenty-five-yard line. The battle was nearly all fought on Indiana's terri-tory. Indiana had the heavier team. Shireman, Hall and Sandy, of DePauw, made the best game. The line-up was as

andy, capt ......right end ...... Hardy Ewing ..... right tackle ..... Endicott .right guard ... ..center..... left guard..... ...left tackle......Babour ...left end.......Sheek quarter back. Binford, Hall. right half-back .... Eagleson hireman .....left half-back ...... Hunt .. full back ..... Menzies, capt

Referees-Wade and Osgood. Linesmen-Walls and Williams. Wade, the DePauw coach, has made a wonderful improvement in the team, which is now playing the best game in its history. There was no slugging.

International Regatta.

AUSTIN, Tex., Nov. 4.-There was a large attendance present to-day at the opening of the great international regatta. The first race was trial heats, three miles, with three turns over three quarter-mile courses, participated in by Englishmen only. Entries: Bubear, Barry, Haines, Wingate, Bubear and Haines won, in one, two order, and will now row in the final against Americans, for the championship of the world, two Americans to be selected to-morrow. Time of race, 21:48. In the trial heat, double scull, first crew in to row in final against England's best crew for championship of the world and purse of \$1,000, three miles with turn, the entries were Peterson and Hanlon, Gaudaur brothers, Teemer and Rogers. The last-named crew won. Time, 17:471/2.

More Bicycle Records Broken.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 4.-The world's record for one mile paced, with flying start, was broken by Arthur B. Gardiner at Fountain Ferry track to-day. Gardiner rode the distance in 1:42 2-5. This breaks Windle's record of 1:461-5, made at Hartford, and is 14-5 second faster than Johnson's professional record. C. R. Coulter quarter paced, flying start. He rode the distance in 1:181-5. This lowers Johnson's record of 1:21 on same track in November.

Warning to Insurance Agents. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 4.-Attorneygeneral Maloney to-day rendered an opinon that it is illegal for insurance companies or agents to enter into an agreement re-

PRISONERS RELEASED

SIXTEEN BRAVE SPANIARDS SET FREE SY INSURGENTS.

Cubans More Merciful than Their Enemies-Resolutions Adopted at a Quaker City Sympathy Meeting.

HAVANA, Nov. 4.-Three insurgent prisoners have arrived at Cienfuegos. The insurgents have liberated sixteen Spanish prisoners who were taken during the recent engagement at Tarido, near Cienfuegos. In the encounter sixty-four Spanish soldiers had made a gallant stand against 1,200 insurgents. The soldiers were commanded by Colonel Valle, Major Sanchez and Captains Navarro and Rio, who were among those captured and released by Rego. the insurgent leader. The latter was the first to greet the Spanish officers, and, embracing Colonel Valle, he said: "Return to your comrades, heroes. You are an honor to the Spanish nation, and I am proud to be able to boast of descending from such people." Then followed a touching moment, during which the Spaniards and Cubans embraced each other and bid each other farewell, the Cubans shouting as the Spaniards went away, "Adios, valientes Espanoles." The Spanish soldiers, nearly all of whom were wounded, were well cared for while in the hands of the insurgents and eat at the same table as Rego. The action of the Cubans has caused no little good feeling towards them. Captain General Martinez De Campos has arrived at Villa Clara. As soon as the weather permits active operations against the insurgents will be begun. It is officially denied here that the Spanish government intends to recall its embassador

at Washington, Senor Depuy De Lome. It is added that the government is entirely satisfied with the course Minister De Lome has A dispatch from Nuevitas, province of Puerto Principe, says that the insurgents have derailed a train near that place by the use of dynamite. The forces of the Borbon regiment have left Caibarien for the relief of Fort Dolores, which has been besieged by the insurgents

for two days. Insurgents bands led by Calderon and Bacallao, to the number of four hundred, attacked the fort at Sitio Grande, district of Sagua, but were repulsed. The insurgents laid an ambush at Salado, in the province of Puerto Principe, and fired upon the vanguard of General Altamira, wound-At Remates, in the province of Pinar De Rio, thirteen young men have been arrested and imprisoned on the charge of having conspired against the government. At Torno Burro, near Caibarien, province of Santa Clara, the pilot boat Mercidita, which was loaded with groceries, has been captured by the insurgents. The crew was released. The inhabitants of the province of Matanzas have raised bands of from one hundred to four hundred volunteers, and a detachment of one hundred colored firemen have left for Santa Clara. A body of one thou-sand volunteers will be mobilized in this

vicinity and sent to Matanzas. SYMPATHY FOR CUBANS.

Spain Urged to Give the Patriots Self Government. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.-A meeting under the auspices of the Young Men's Congress, of Philadelphia, was held at the Academy of Music, to-night, at which strong resolutions were adopted urging upon Spain to give Cuba the right to govern itself. The resolutions follow: "Whereas, The people of the United States are deeply interested in the irre-pressible conflict going on in the island of Cuba, our nearest neighbor, between the foreigners who rule that land and the native population who should own and con-

"Whereas, It is cowardly, selfish, inhumar for us, as a people, while in the full enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, to stand silently by while another nation so directly under our eye is struggling in want, in pain and in blood for the blessings of a liberty which should be the common heritage of mankind, there-

"Resolved, That we still hope that the great nation of Spain will be awakened by the waste of her revenues and the increase of the death roll among her solliers in Cuba to desist from such an extravagant outlay of life and treasure to retain an island which is so unprofitable to her and that she will give to the Cubans a free release that they may govern themselves as an independent state. "Resolved. That this great assembly of the citizens of Philadelphia, representing as we fully believe, the feeling of the en-

tire city, urge upon our government at Washington, that it use every honorable neans to express to the government of Spain our utter disapproval of the war for the subjugation of Cuba and our open sympathy with the native Cubans in their perole attempts to secure their freedom. Resolved. That while we love peace and deprecate any rash attempts to rescind our treaties with Spain as a friendly na-tion and especially discountenance any illconsidered action which would involve the United States in a war with Spain, yet we feel that there are some things worse than war, and that when our efforts at a peaceful settlement of the question are exhausted we, as a great liberty-loving will not shrink from the responsibility if the spirit of the Monroe doctrine. protecting the people of this continent from the oppression of foreign invaders, be supported at any expense by our army "Resolved, That these resolutions be for-warded to the President of the United

General B. F. Fisher presided. The pr well and Col. A. K. McClure. The Academy was filled from pit to dome with a most dwelt upon the fact that Spain, at the beginning of the civil war, granted belligerent rights to the Confederacy. He ex-pressed the belief that when Congress met next month these rights would be given to Cuba. General Fisher then asked the audience to express itself in such a manner that it would reverberate throughout the land and call forth similar expressions of sympathy. The audience expressed itself accordingly. A collection for the care of sick and wounded Cuban soldiers was then

To Protect Commercial Interests. NEW YORK, Nov. 4.-A morning paper says that the Spanish colony in this city has purchased a large steam tug from the estate of Cyrus W. Field, for \$18,000, and will charter it to protect the Spanish comwill charter it to protect the Spanish com-mercial interest in Cuba and ward off fili-bustering expeditions from the coast. The up represent 90 per cent. of the hemlock bustering expeditions from the coast. The tug is 118 feet long and has eight and onehalf feet draught, with a bottom of iron and steel. It will be equipped with guns and is to be called the El Cudillera, after a village in Spain. In a trial trip around Staten island to-day, the boat showed a speed of thirteen knots. As soon as it has been equipped, it will be presented to the chief of the Spanish naval commission.

Campos Opposed to Independence. MADRID. Nov. 4 .- The Heralde to-day publishes an interview which its correspond ent in Cuba has had with Captain General Martinez De Campos, in which the latter de-clares he is not disposed to agree to the in-dependence of Cuba, but thinks that re-forms should be applied in a more liberal manner. He added that he proposed to pur-sue the campaign vigorously, and that no proposal for peace had been addressed to him by the insurgents.

A PARISIAN SENSATION. Gossip Caused by a Youthful Idiot with a Barrel of Money.

Nettie Hooper's Letter.

Paris is gossiping, that is really its normal condition, but just at present it has something to chatter about and to speculate over; therefore, our cup of bliss overfloweth. We are remarkably tired of the "goings to put it mildly, of that rather remarkable little cad, Max Lebaudy, Le Petit Sucrier. The little harm that this young man. with his boundless wealth, his utter recklessness of expenditure and his unswerving resolution not to pay any debts he may contract has done the rising generation of young Frenchmen is incalculable. The French masculine mind of tender years does not take into consideration the fact that this youth's eccentricities are backed up by practically boundless wealth, and his having private bull fights, giving pearl necklaces valued at \$100,000 to light ladies and then trying to plead the baby act, as they say in England, and disavowing the expenses he has incurred on the ground he was a minor, matters little, for when the courts condemned him to pay he had the money to settle with his creditors, whereas many of his youthful imitators are beggared for life. garding rates for insurance, rebates, etc., and that parties to all such agreements are liable to prosecution under the trust laws of the State. This is likely to cause consternation among insurance people in work and taking unbidden leaves of appropriate to the state. sence. About a month ago he was put on I from Montreal.

the aick list, and instantly departed for Trouville in joyous company. A horse he owned was a favorite in one of the great races, and the jockey held the steed back at the finish, it is said, so the favorite was defeated and much money changed pockets. The scandal was appalling, the uproar deafening, the crowd was perfectly resolved to lynch the young millionaire, whom they blamed, rightfully or wrongfully, for the horse's defeat; the police was called out and Lebaudy smuggled away with great difficulty, and on his next appearance on the race course, at Dieppe, he was taken into custody and shipped back to his regi-ment, on the ground that if he was Well enough to attend race meetings he was quite well enough to do his military service, which seems logical enough. Now there is a fresh uproar-M. Lebaudy is ill again and the entire press teems with leading articles of fiery style, so the authorities are in a dilemma. If he is allowed leave of absence the entire nation will howl about the favoritism shown to wealth. If, on the other hand, he were to die, the same people would shriek against the heartless conduc of the military authorities in hounding wretched young man to his death. On the ole, matters remain in statu quo, an such rivers of ink would not have meandered over such meadows of paper on so trifling a matter in any other city but Paris. As it s, however, the Question Lebaudy is dis

PARADERS STONED.

cussed everywhere, until one is inclined to wish that the youth in question had re-

Members of the A. P. A. Attacked an Injured at Gloucester, Mass. GLOUCESTER, Mass., Nov. 4.-While parade held under the auspices of the A P. A., to-night, was being formed, stones and heavy missiles were thrown and several persons injured. The most seriously hurt were Alphonse Davis and Fred W Crispin, jr., both of whom were struck on the head. The parade preceded a lecture on "Immigration," delivered in the City Hall by Rev. Scott F. Hershey, D. D., pastor of the Columbia-avenue Presbyterian Church, of Boston. Six hundred members and sympathizers of the A. P. A. were in line and thousands of people crowded the streets. A large detail of police was on duty, as trouble was anticipated, but they were unable to prevent the disturb-

Resented Being Called an A. P. A. BOSTON, Nov. 4.-Francis C. Dowd, a resident of Somerville, was possibly fatally wounded in a Charlestown saloon tonight because, it is alleged, he charged George E, Johnson, of Medford, with being a member of the A. P. A. Johnson, when arrested, admitted that he did the shooting and stated that he did it because Dowd

FEW EMPLOYES OF THE GREAT NORTHERN HAVE QUIT WORK.

Six Members of the A. R. U. Arrested at Kalispell for "Killing" Engines-Tanneries Shut Down.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 4 .- In the great strike of the American Railway Union on the Great Northern road eighteen months ago the start was almost exactly similar to what is claimed to be a new strike at this time. Then, as now, the officials of the road united, up to the time when the road was finally tied up, in asserting that there was no strike and no cause for one. Then, as now, the men went out at various points along the line in a somewhat scattering manner. Just what will be the outcome it is difficult to say, but that there will be at least some trouble seems now assured. In reports from along the line to-day in favor of the company was the action of the engineers and firemen on the Montana Central, fifty-six out of the sixty on that branch voting in favor of a communication to the Great Northern officials that they had no grievance, and that they protested against the announcement of any new schedule in which the A. R. U. was concerned. The conductors of the entire system are acting to-day in favor of the company, their vote being taken almost without opposition in favor of a somewhat similar statement to be presented to the officials. It is stated that the other brotherhoods are about to take similar action. In the way of trouble, three or four men went out at St. Cloud, but trains were in no way affected. At that point it was thought necessary to place watchmen on the new bridge for protection. At Devil's Lake, N. D., it was reported to-night that it had been decided to strike at midnight. As that was one of the points where there was trouble of a somewhat riotous character in the former strike, the City Council met there to-night and decided to do all in its power to protect the property of the railroad and to suppress any incipient riots. Out in Montana trouble was reported at several points. At Havre the railroad wires were cut and orders for the three divisions that center there were interfered with. is understood several arrests followed. though no names or more definite information can be given. At Kalispell, Mont., four engines were "killed," and as a result of that act A. R. U. Director Godwin and five other men were arrested and are now in iail. At Columbia Falls, near Kalispell, an successful attempt was made to burn the Great Northern bridge.

A meeting of the St. Paul A. R. U. Lodge was held to-night, and a large number of new members were admitted, but as yet

100 Tanneries Closed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4 .- The World tomorrow will say: The United States Leather Company, known as the Leather Trust, yesterday shut down the one hundred tanneries under its control. Not another hide will be taken from its vats for sixty days. During the sixty days that the hundred tanneries are closed more than fifteen thousand laborers, tanners, clerks and employes egenerally will be without work. The meeting at which the lock-up was decided upon was held a few days ago at the office of the trust. As a result an order was sent to the tanneries on Saturday last to put no more hides in the vats and to take no more out after yestanneries and 40 per cent. of the Union, the latter so called because they use a combination of hemlock and oak bark in tanning. Few of the strictly oak tanner-ies are included, as they are mostly out of the trust. Several of the rivals of the combination have recently been cutting prices extensively, which is stated to be the cause of the present curtailing of the latter's operations.

Strike of Printers. MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 4.- The union job printers of Minneapolis struck to-day for 30 cents an hour and a nine-hour-day. They have been getting 26 2-3 cents per hour for a ten-hour-day. Nearly two hundred men Night Crews Quit Work.

OIL CITY, Pa., Nov. 4.-Six night crews on the Western New York & Pennsylvania road struck to-day. The strike is confined to the Oil City yard and everything is quiet. There is no blockade. Magowan Strikes Back.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 4.—John A. Barnes, who recently brought suit against his former employer, ex-Mayor Frank A. Magowan, for \$100,000 damages for alienatng the affections of Mrs. Barnes, has been ndicted by the grand jury on the charge of grand larceny, in abstracting from Mr. Magowan's desk \$7,000 in stocks. The charge is preferred by Mr. Magowan. Barnes declares that the stocks were given him by Magowan. Mrs. Huntington's Impersonator.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.-Mrs. Sophia C.

Smith, who was arrested Saturday for ob-

taining goods by representing herself to be Mrs. C. P. Huntington, was arraigned

charges to-day and held for examination

in \$1,500 on each charge. Two merchants appeared against her. Mrs. Smith denied the charges and talked in an incoherent Movements of Steamers.

in the Jefferson Market Court on

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.-Arrived: Massa-chusetts, from London; Fulda, from Bre-MOVILLE, Nov. 4 .- Arrived: Furnessia. from New York, for Glasgow. HAMBURG, Nov. 4-Arrived: Scotia, EUGENE FIELD DEAD

CHICAGO LOSES A WELL-KNOWN WRITER, POET AND HUMORIST.

His Unexpected Demise Due to Formation of a Clot of Blood in the Heart -Mr. Field's Newspaper Work.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.-Eugene Field, the poet, died in his bed, of heart failure, about 5 o'clock this morning. He retired last night at his home, at Buena Park, a suburb of the city, in usual health and apparently slept soundly till daybreak, when his son, who occupied the room with him, beard him groan and, putting out his hand, found that death had already taken place. For some days Mr. Field had been ailing, but it was supposed he was suffering from his usual stomach trouble and no serious turn was anticipated. Dr. Frank Reilly, who was summoned this morning, pronounced death to have been caused by the formation of a clot of blood in the heart. Although yesterday Mr. Field was feeling so ill that he telegraphed to Kansas City, canceling an engagement there, he sat up until a late hour chatting with Mr. Yenowine, of the Milwaukee lilustrated News. Mr. Yenowine was to have accompanied Mr. Field to Kansas City and had come from Milwaukee for that purpose. The deceased was very cheerful and the two sat up until a late hour discussing future plans. Shortly before midnight Mr. Field had a telegram sent to Kansas City, saying that he would be able to come later in the week. On going to bed Mr. Field did not complain, but during the night Fred Field, the fourteen-year-old son of the deceased, heard his father groaning in his sleep. The lad thought nothing of this until near morning the sleeping man groaned more heavily than before and then became perfectly still and quiet. When the family reached the bedside they found that Eugene Field was no more. His body was lying in an easy, natural position, the heat of life had not yet died out and a tranquil, peaceful expression on his face gave him the appearance of having dropped into a gentle slum-

The funeral services will take place at he Fourth Presbyterian Church, Rush and Superior streets, Wednesday at 2 p. m. The Rev. Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus will officiate, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Frank M. Bristol, and appropriate addresses will be made by the Rev. Dr. M. W. Styker and E. D. Winslow, Mr. Charles M. Faye, Collins Shackelford, C. A. MacDonald and Mr. J. W. Hiltman. The following gentlemen have been selected as honorary pallbearers: Messrs. Victor F. Lawson, H. H. Kohlsatt, F. H. Head, H. G. Selfridge, R. A. Waller, Milward Adams, F. Willis Rice, H. N. Higginbotham, F. J. V. Skiff, M. P. Handy and M. E. Stone. The interment will be at Graceland Cemetery and will be

Eugene Field was born in St. Louis Sept 2, 1850, and was therefore forty-five years son of Roswell Martin and France (Reed) Field. His parents were both natives of Windham county, Vermont, His father graduated from Middlebury College when only fifteen years old, became a lawyer and introduced a bill in the Vermont Legislature permitting atheists to testify in courts of law. He was Dred Scott's first attorney in the case which resulted in the famous Dred Scott decision by the United States Supreme Court, Eugene Field's mother died in 1857. He was then put under the care of his cousin, Miss Mary Field French, at Amherst, Mass., and thirteen years she education and was his foster mother. He attended Williams college in 1868, Knox College in 1869, and

the State University of Missouri in 1871 After finishing his education he adopted the profession of newspaper writing, beginning with the St. Louis Journal in 1872. next connection was with the St. Joseph, Mo., Gazette, in 1875, after which he returned to St. Louis to take an editorial portfolio on the Times-Journal. In 1880 he was on the staff of the Kansas City Times. but left that paper in 1881 to become managing editor of the Denver Tribune. He ame to Chicago Aug. 13, 1885, to accept position on the editorial staff of the Chicago Morning News (now the Record), and his connection with that paper tinued without interruption until partment on the Record (Sharps and Flats)

Mr. Field's last contribution to his was published Saturday morning, and in t was a characteristic defense of Bill Nye, and a refusal to accept the imputations as to the cause of the recent assault on the humorist at Paterson, N. J. By a strange coincidence this expression was "Ten years ago Nye was in shocking bad health, and at one time there were fears that he would be an invalid for the rest of his life. His malady at that time was meningitis; never since his two years' affliction with that insidious and destructive disease has Nye been a robust In addition to his newspaper work Mr.

Field found time to perform much extra labor in the literary field, and established a reputation as a clever writer of stories verse. His last poem of was "Dream Ships," written for and printed in the October Ladies' Home Journal He was especially adept in the poems and stories of child life, and his printed books now number a half dozen volumes. He has also made himself famous to the as a reader of his own stories and having at different times appeared jo with Edgar Wilson Nye and James Whitcomb Riley. Among his better-known books are the "Denver Tribune Primer 1882; "Culture's Garland," 1887; "Little Book of Western Verses," 1889; "Little Book of Profitable Tales," 1889; "Second Book of it is not known what action, if any, was Verse," 1892; "With Trumpet and Drum," taken on the threatened strike. 1892; "Echoes from the Sabine Farm," Mr. Field married Miss Ju stock, of St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 16, 1873, and had seven children—Roswell Martin, Mary French, Melville Gray, Eugene, jr., Frederick Skiff, Julia and Roswell Frances. In June, 1833, Knox College conferred upon Mr. Field the honorary degree of A. M.

Other Deaths. MARLBORO, Mass., Nov. 4.—Col. W. E. Worcester died at his home here to-day from apoplexy, after an illness of two days at the age of sixty-eight years. Colonel Worcester had been postmaster here since 1884. He served with marked distinction throughout the civil war. WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 4.-Mrs. Rachel Cantor, aged eighty-five years, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Lillie Wilkinson, in this city to-night. She was a well-known actress and for many years a resident of the Fores Actors at Philadelphia. PARIS, Nov. 4.-M. Phillippe Cucheval-Clarigny, a well-know

ournalist and a member of the Listitute. is dead, at the age of seventy-five years. A Question of Title.

London Letter.

People who have nothing else to think about are vexing their souls as to the precedence which will in future years be precedence which will in future years be accorded to the son born last Friday to Prince and Princess Adolphus of Teck. I suppose in Germany the baby would have the title of highness, but here it will depend entirely on her Majesty's pleasure. The Queen graciously bestowed the title of highness on Lady Margaret Grovenor when she married Prince Adolphus it is the least follow that she will does not in the least follow that she wil extend the same favor to her little son. When Princess Louise of Wales married the Duke of Fife the Queen decreed that her children should merely take rank and precedence of the children of a duke, and precedence of the children of a duke, and therefore it is not at all likely that she will accord to the child of her young cousin, whose title is only that of highness, the rank she denied to the offspring of her granddaughter. It will be interesting to see how the difficulty will be solved, for Prince Adolphus has no English title he can lend his son, and though in future the child will become Duke of Teck, he can searcely be addressed as plain "Mister" in the interim

To Keep Democrats In. Washington Special.

Here is a piece of news that will reoice lovers of civil-service reform: The President is perfecting arrangements to bring within the provisions of the civil-service rules all employes in the several executive offices of the government below the rank of secretaries and assistant secretaries. This sweeping transfer to the merit system would throw the mantle of civil-service protection over all chiefs o livisions, bureau officers and high-grade clerks heretofore appointed under the pat-ronage system. Next will come the fourthclass postmasters, and then there will not be enough left to fight over.

For Mommer.

Brooklyn Eagle.

Mrs. Fozzleton-George. to-morrow is mommer's birthday, and I think we ought to give her something. You must remember she has been with us ten weeks now.

Fozzleton-Yes; let us give her a send-off.

## DR. COBLENTZ

Oxygen Tobacco Cure

It Has No Equal. It Cures When Others Fail.

It Is a True Medicine and Not a "Make Believe."

It is an Established and Reliable Remedy.

Where there is no real disease a "makebelieve" remedy will do very well, but where a man is sick he must have medicine, and if he gets well it must be a medicine that will cure the disease.

Every man who has a longing desire for tobacco is sick, the appetite is never a nate ural one unless it is inherited; it is a result of a diseased action in the nerve centers. A perfectly healthy system loathes tobacco and rebels at its introduction in even small quantities. Every tobacco user will remember his experience with tobacco before his system was poisoned with nicotine. This is the proof that tobacco is a poison and serves no good purpose in our bodies.

perfect cure for this disease it is Oxygen Tobacco Cure.

Dr. Coblentz has given to the world a

It is for sale under positive guarantee by all druggists. Thousands have tested it and not one

failure has been found. The question is, do you want to be cured of the disease? If so, Oxygen Tobacco Cure is what you want. It is no experiremedy. Out of the thousands who have tested it in this city not a single failure Oxygen Tobacco Cure is guaranteed by the Hon. Luther Laffin Mills. The follow- the manufacturer to cure you and will reing-named gentlemen have been selected as | turn you your money if it does not. Three large boxes are warranted to cure yo Oxygen Tobacco Cure is for sale by all druggists at 25c, 50c and \$1. N. B .- All persons desiring information as to the cure of morphine, opium or whisky

WEDDING REHEARSED

J. W. COBLENTZ, M. D.,

Fort Wayne, Ind.

habit should adress

old at the time of his death. He was the THE DUKE DIDN'T WANT IT. BUT MISS VANDERBILT DID,

> So She Instructed the Bridemaids and tshers in Their Duties-Martborough's Sudden Return.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.-The bridesmaids of the Duke of Marlborough and Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt held a private rehearsal this afternoon at St. Thomas Church. Mrs. Vanderbilt and Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt were present and superintended the rehearsal. The Duke of Marlborough was not there, for he does not believe in the rehearsal, which, to his idea, is not becoming to the solemnity of the ceremony The bridesmaids, eight in number, rehearsed their parts once. They marched from the tire room in the vestibule to the chancel rail in the following order: Miss Catherine Deuer and Miss Elsa Bronson led the bridat procession; then came Miss May Goelet, Miss Laura Jay, Miss Daisy Post and Miss Evelyn Burden, Miss Morton and Miss Winthrop. The bridesmaids were instructed at the chancel rail and grouped in the correct order by Dr. Brown, the rector of the church. The ushers were also instructed in their duties, and immediately after the rehearsal the bridesmaids accompanied Miss Vanderbilt to her home, where they enjoyed afternoon tea. In the evening they attended a dinner given in their honor by

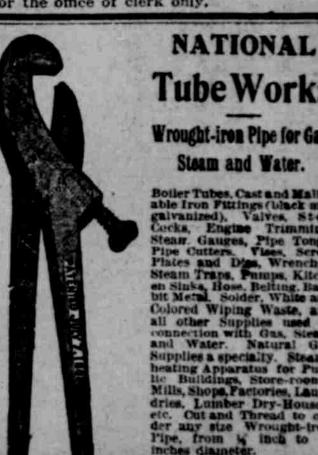
Mrs. Brockholst Cutting at her home on The Duke spent the day with his cousin, the Hon. Ivor Guest, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British embassador, and remained in his rooms at the Plaza Hotel during the evening attending to business matters pertaining to his forthcoming marriage. He cut short his visit at Washington and was back in town again before daybreak this norning. Several important considerations hastened his return from the national capi-tal. His lawyer and adviser, Mr. Milward, wished to see him in regard to some important matters connected with the mar-riage settlement. The Duke had intended to pay his respects to President Cleveland at the White House to-day, but his sudden de-

Mrs. Wm. K. Vanderbilt's mansion in Madison avenue is now more than ever a center of interest to people of leisure who in the street has become a permanent fixture of that locality. Detectives are on duty at the corner of Seventy continuously to prevent as far as they are able any annoyance to the family from this away so long as there is any chance of getting a glimpse of the Duke or his future bride, or, in fact, any member of the Van-derbilt family. When Miss Consuelo and her mother go out for a drive detectives, it is said, follow the carriage, while two brawny policemen have to mount guard on the sidewalk to keep the eager crowd of curiosity

seekers at a distance. Miss Reed Weds a Count.

PARIS. Nov. 4 .- The civil marriage of Count De Foras, son of the grand marshal of the Bulgarian court, and Marie, daughter of General Meredith Reed, first United States consul-general to France, and formerly United States minister to Greece, took place here to-day. The witnesses of the ceremony were Mr. Henry Vignaud, secretary of the United States embassy. Stolanow, aid-de-camp to Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, the Marquis De Beauregard and the Marquis De Lasteyrie, great grand-son of General Lafayette. The religious peremony takes place to-morrow, and prom ises to be a brilliant affair. Letters of congratulation have been received from the King and Queen of Greece, ex-Queen Isabella of Spain, the Duke of Nemours, the Duke of Aumale, Prince Roland Bonaparte, the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, the Duke of Cambridge and the Marquis of Sal-

In order to set at rest the rumor or report being circulated here that he was a candi-date for either clerk or sergeant-at-arms of the next House, Hon. Thomas J. Hender-son, who has been a Representative from Illinois for the last twenty years, telegraphs a friend here that he is a candidate for the office of clerk only.



**Tube Works** Wrought-iron Pipe for Gas, Steam and Water.

Boiler Tubes, Cast and Mallo-able Iron Pittings (black and galvanized), Valves, Stop Cocks, Engine Trimming, Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Serew Plates and Diss, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitch-en Sinks, Hose, Belting, Bab-bit Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other Supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water, Natural Gas and Water. Natural Gas Supplies a specialty. Steam-heating Apparatus for Pub-lic Buildings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Pactories, Laun-dries, Lumber Dry-Houses, etc. Cut and Thread to or-

6. PENNSKI VANIA FE